



Figure 1. AQCL200MA410DFN

FEATURES

Input Voltage Range: 10V~28V Output Voltage Range: -18V ~ -8V Maximum Output Current: 200mA

Ultra Low Noise: $0.25\mu A_{P-P}@0.1Hz \sim 10Hz$ Input Voltage Polarity Reverse Protection

Under-Voltage Protection

Current Limit

Over-Temperature Protection

High Absolute Accuracy: <0.1% @ 0°C~50°C ambient

temperature

High Stability: <20ppm/°C

Control Loop Good Indication: LPGD

Output Current Real Time Monitoring: LIO

Complete Shielding

Compact Size: 49.4mm(L)×45mm(W)×14mm(H)

100 % Lead (Pb)-Free and RoHS Compliant

APPLICATIONS

This QCL driver can be used to drive QCLs (Quantum Cascade Laser) for radar, medical diagnostics, spectroscopy, chemical analysis, general measurement systems, etc.

DESCRIPTION

AQCL200MA410DFN is a quantum cascade laser driver with differential analog input control and negative output voltage from -18V to -8V.

The AQCL200MA410DFN is a chassis mount electronic module designed for driving QCLs. It delivers ultra-low noise current and still preserves a wide modulation bandwidth. The AQCL200MA410DFN comes with protections for over-voltage, under-voltage, over current, and over temperature.

To monitor the working status of the laser driver, there is a control loop good indication pin, LPGD; and the output current monitor pin, LIO.

Figure 1 shows the photos of AQCL200MA410DFN.

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Table 1. Terminal Block Connector 1 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin#	Pin Name	Port Type	Description		
1	DATA-	Analog input	The negative node of differential input signal.		
2	DATA+	Analog input	The positive node of differential input signal.		
3	1.2VR	Analog output	Internal reference voltage.		
4	GND	Signal ground	Signal ground. Connect this pin to the signal ground of ADCs, DACs, and the signal sources.		
5	LPGD	Digital output	Loop good indication. When outputting a high logic level 5V, it indicates the control loop works properly, i.e. the output current equals the set-point value; outputting a logic low level indicates there is something wrong in the control loop, such as open circuit, output current equals zero, etc.		
6	SBDN	Digital input	This is a duplex pin: when it is pulled down <0.4V, the controller is put into Shut-down Mode; when setting this pin to between 1.2V to 2.5V, the controller is set to Stand-by Mode. In this mode, the voltage reference is still working; when setting it to >2.64V to VPS voltage, the controller goes to On Mode. There is an internal $20M\Omega$ pull up resistor tied to VPS.		
7	GND	Signal ground	Signal ground. Connect this pin to the signal ground of ADCs, DACs, and the signal sources.		
8	4VR	Analog output	Voltage Reference 4.096V output. It can be used by external POTs (Potentiometer), DACs and/or ADCs for setting the LIS. Under Stand-by Mode, this pin is still working.		
9	ILM	Analog input	Laser current limit set. 0V to 4.096 V sets the laser current limit from 0 to 200mA linearly. The internal input impedance is 1M.		
10	LIS	Analog output	Laser current setting indication. 0V to 4.096 V indicates the laser current is set from 0 to 200mA linearly.		
11	LIO	Analog output	Laser current output indication. 0V to 4.096 V indicates the laser current from 0 to 200mA linearly.		
12	ТМО	Analog output	The controller internal temperature indication output. It can be used for sensing the actual temperature of the controller to avoid over-heating. 0V to 4V represents the controller temperature from –55°C to 125°C.		

Table 2. Terminal Block Connector 4 Pin Function Descriptions

Pin#	Pin Name	Port Type	Description	
1	LDA	Analog output	Laser diode anode. Connect it to the anode of the laser diode.	
2	LDC	Analog output	Laser diode cathode. Connect it to the cathode of the laser diode. This pin is internally connected to PGND and GND, thus its voltage potential is zero.	
3	GND	Signal ground	Signal ground. Connect this pin to the signal ground of ADCs, DACs, and the signal sources.	
4	PGND	Power ground	Power ground pin. Connect it directly to power supply return rail.	
5	VPS	Power input	Power supply voltage. The driver works from 10V to 28V.	

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 3. Characteristics ($T_A=25^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Control SBDN Pin (# 6 of T	erminal Block Connector 1)					
	$V_{\mathrm{SBDN-ON}}$		2.64		V_{VPS}	V
	V _{SBDN-STANDBY}		1.2		2.5	V
	V _{SBDN-OFF}		0		0.4	V
	$\begin{matrix} V_{SBDN\text{-}SB\text{-}HI} \\ Going \ up \ from \ Standby \ to \ On \\ threshold \ voltage \end{matrix}$		2.508		2.64	V
SBDN Voltage	V _{SBDN-SB-LOW} Going down from On to Standby threshold voltage		2.5		2.6	V
	V _{SBDN-OFF-HI} Going up from Off to Standby threshold voltage				1.2	V
	V _{SBDN-OFF-LOW} Going down from Standby to Off threshold voltage		0.4			V
Pull-up Resistor to VPS				20		ΜΩ
Current Setting LIS Pin (# 1	0 of Terminal Block Connector	1)				
Current Set Voltage			0		4.096	V
Output LDA Pin (# 1 of Ter	minal Block Connector 2)					
Output Voltage	V_{LDA}		-18		-8	V
Output Current	I_{LDA}		0		200	mA
Output Current Noise	$ m I_{NLDA}$	Peak-to-peak value, 0.1Hz to 10Hz		0.5		μA _{P-P}
Minimum Dropout Voltage	$V_{VPS} - V_{LDA}$			4		V
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T_{A}		-40		65	°C
Large Signal Bandwidth	$f_{ m lg}$			1		MHz
Small Signal Bandwidth	$f_{\rm sm}$			1		MHz
Small Signal Rise and Fall Times	$t_{ m smr},t_{ m smf}$			350		ns
Large Signal Rise and Fall Times	$t_{ m lgr},t_{ m lgf}$			350		ns
Power Supply Input VPS Pin	n (# 5 of Terminal Block Connec	etor 2)				
Input Voltage Range	$V_{ m VPS}$		10		28	V
Input Current	I_{VPS}		0		600	mA

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Voltage can be input through Mini-USB or LIS. Figure 2 shows the connection for the Mini-USB. Figure 3 shows the pin locations of this QCL driver.

USB Differential Input

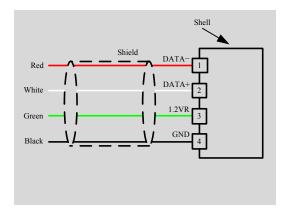


Figure 2. Connecting DAC Board to the QCL Driver AQCL200MA410DFN

Table 4. V_{IN+}, V_{IN+} & I_{OUT}

$V_{\text{IN+}}$	$V_{\text{IN-}}$	V_{LIS}	I_{OUT}
1.2V	0V	4.096V	200mA
0.6V	0.6V	2.048V	100mA
0V	1.2V	0V	0mA

$$V_{LIS} = \frac{2.048}{1.2} (V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}) + 2.048V$$

$$I_{OUT} = \frac{V_{LIS}}{4.096V} \times 200 mA$$

 V_{LIS} : The voltage for setting the laser current.

 $V_{\text{IN+}}$: The positive node of Mini-USB differential input signal.

 $V_{\text{IN}-}$: The negative node of Mini-USB differential input signal.

I_{OUT}: The output current.

Insert the screwdriver into the upper card slot, and the lower card slot should be inserted with a power cord with a bare core ($\varphi = 1.5 \text{mm} \pm 0.2 \text{mm}$; L=7.5mm±0.2mm).

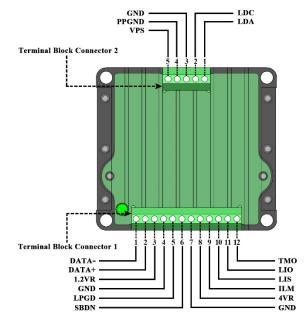


Figure 3. Top View of AQCL200MA410DFN

MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

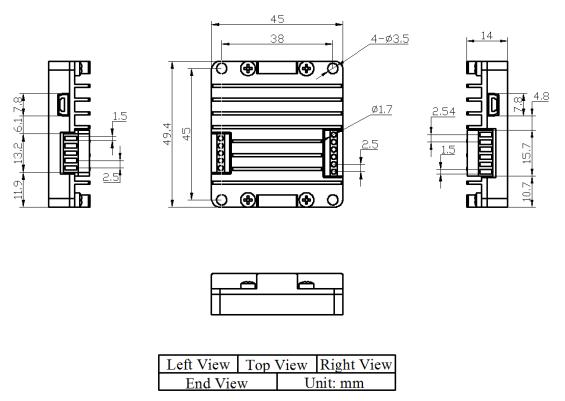


Figure 4. Dimensions of AQCL200MA410DFN

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