



AHVA250V2X100MA





Figure 1. Physical Photos of AHVA250V2X100MA

MAIN FEATURES

⇒ Built-in High Voltage Converter

○ Compact Size: 176.5(L)×147.0(W)×41.2(H) mm

⇒ High Current Capability: Up to 100mA

⇒ High Slew Rate: 100V/µs

Table 1. Descriptions of Terminal Block Pin Functions

| | Wide Output | Voltago Dango | $\mathbf{V} = 10$ | $250V@V_{IN}=24V$ |
|---------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| $\overline{}$ | wide Output | voltage Kange. | V OUT — 10 ~ | 230 v @ v _{IN} =24 v |

Offset Voltage Range: 10V

Bandwidth: Up to 10kHzWeight: 2.2lb (1.0kg)

APPLICATIONS

High voltage amplifications for driving piezos and other high voltage loads.

DESCRIPTION

The AHVA250V2X100MA is an electronic module for amplifying an analog input voltage into a high voltage output. Figure 1 shows its physical photo. It comes with a high voltage DC-DC converter, which converts the 24V input voltage into a 10 to 250V output voltage. The analog output voltage can swing almost from 10 to 250V when it is powered by a 24V power supply. There is three LEDs indicating if the amplifier works properly.

CAUTION

First, set up the AC power supply and fix it stably and firmly. Then make sure that the two switches of the high voltage amplifier are OFF. Connect the 24V DC power supply to the VPS and PGND of the high voltage amplifier. After the connection is complete, turn on the low voltage switch and set the input AC voltage or DC voltage. Then use the output monitor to check whether the input set voltage is correct. Finally turn on the high voltage switch.

| Pin# | Name | Type | Description | |
|------|--------|---------------|---|--|
| 1 | VPS | Power Input | Power supply 24V. | |
| 2 | PGND | Power Ground | Power ground pin. | |
| 3 | SBDN | Digital Input | This is a duplex pin. It sets the amplifier into Off, Standby or On mode. | |
| 4 | AGND | Signal Ground | Signal ground pin. Connect ADC and DAC grounds to here. | |
| 5 | 10VR | Analog Output | 10V voltage reference. | |
| 6 | IHVMON | Analog Input | - | |
| 7 | HVMON | Analog Output | Output voltage indication. When going from 0.4V to 10V, it indicates the output voltage is from 10V to 250V. | |
| 8 | OFFSO | Analog Output | Output voltage setting. When going from 0.4V to 10V, it indicates the output voltage is from 10V to 250V. The pin is controlled by a potentiometer. | |
| 9 | GND | Signal Ground | Signal ground pin. Connect ADC and DAC grounds to here. | |

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| Pin# | Name | Туре | Description | | |
|-------|-------------------------|------------------|---|--|--|
| BNC 1 | Input | Analog Input | Output voltage setting. When going from 0.4V to 10V, it indicates the outp voltage is from 10V to 250V. | | |
| BNC 2 | Input+Offset Monitor | Analog Output | Input+Offset input control signal indication. | | |
| | HVOUT | Analog Output | Output voltage for driving the load. | | |
| BNC 3 | OGND | Output Ground | Connect this pin to the load return terminal. | | |

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2. Characteristics (Test ambient temperature $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|----------------------------|--|------------------------|------|------|-----------|-------|
| Power Supply Input (Pin 1) | | | | | | |
| Input Range | Input Range V _{VPS} | | 23 | 24 | 25 | V |
| Input Current | $I_{\rm IN}$ | | 0 | | 4 | A |
| Voltage Output (BNC 3) | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage | V_{OUT} | | 10 | | 250 | V |
| Output Current | I_{OUT} | | 0 | | 100 | mA |
| SBDN Pin (Pin 3) | | | | | | |
| | $V_{\mathrm{SBDN-OFF}}$ | | 0 | | 0.4 | V |
| Off State | V _{SBDN-OFF-HI} Going up from Off to Standby threshold | | | | 2.1 | V |
| | V _{SBDN-OFF-LOW} Going down from Standby to Off threshold | | 0.4 | | | V |
| | $V_{SBDN	ext{-STANDBY}}$ | | 2.1 | | 2.51 | V |
| SBDN State | V _{SBDN-SB-HI} Going up from Standby to On threshold | | | | 2.64 | V |
| | V _{SBDN-SB-LOW} Going down from On to Standby threshold | | 2.51 | | | V |
| On State | $V_{\mathrm{SBDN-ON}}$ | | 2.64 | | V_{VPS} | V |
| SBDN Current | I_{SBDN} | | | 10 | 20 | μΑ |
| 10VR Pin (Pin 5) | | | | | | |
| Voltage Reference | V_{REF} | | | 10 | | V |
| Maximum Input Power | | | | 250 | | W |
| Maximum Slew Rate | | | | 100 | | V/µs |

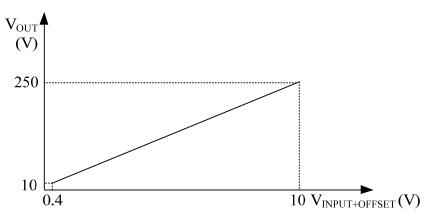
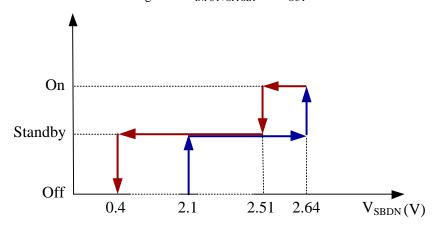


Figure 2. V_{INPUT+OFFSET} vs. V_{OUT}



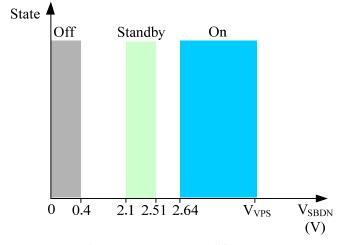


Figure 3. V_{SBDN} vs. Amplifier States

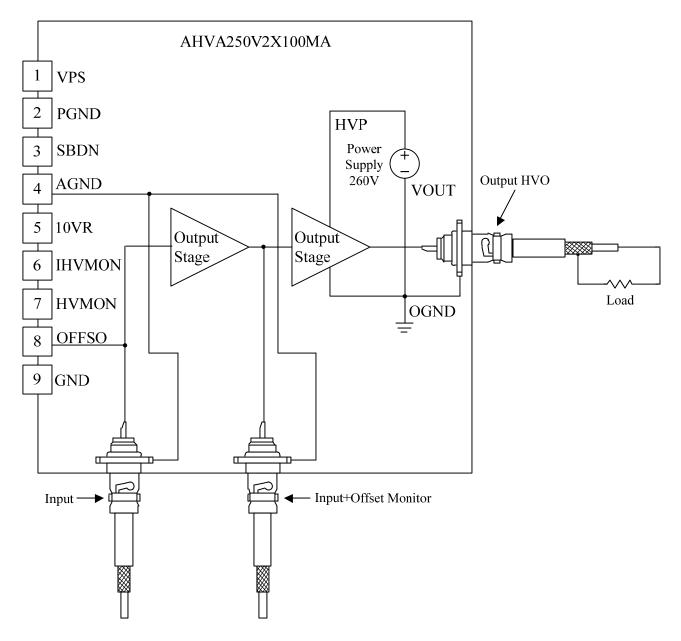
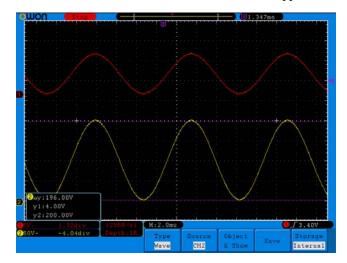


Figure 4. Schematic for Driving the Load



As shown in Figure 5 ~ Figure 8, when a sine wave of $0.4V \sim 10V$, f = 100Hz/10kHz/20kHz/35kHz, is applied to AC input pin, measure the waveform of HVO. Gain = 25.



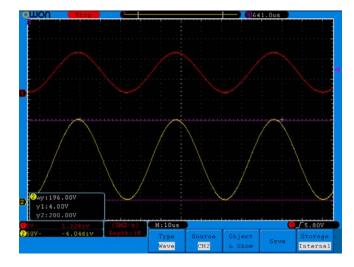


Figure 5. f = 100Hz

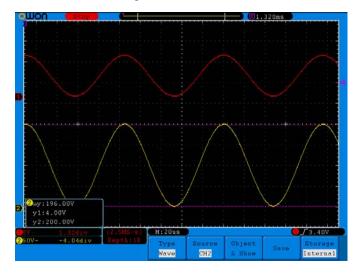


Figure 7. f = 20kHz

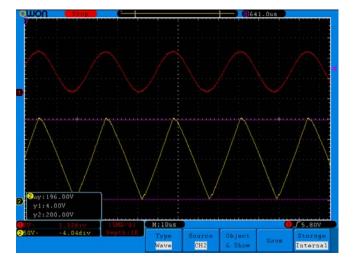


Figure 6. f=10kHz

Figure 8. f = 35kHz

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As shown in Figure 9 & Figure 10, $V_{Input+Offset} = 0 \sim 10V$, $V_{OUT} = 1V \sim 250V$, the output waveform delay time is $60\mu s$.

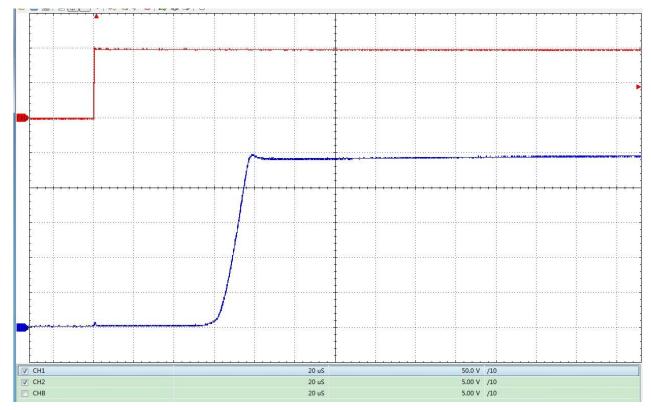


Figure 9.

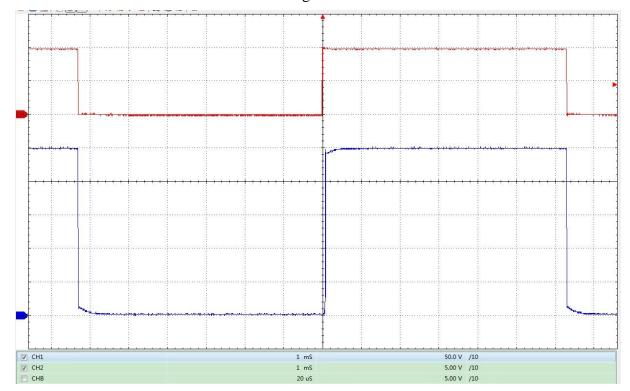
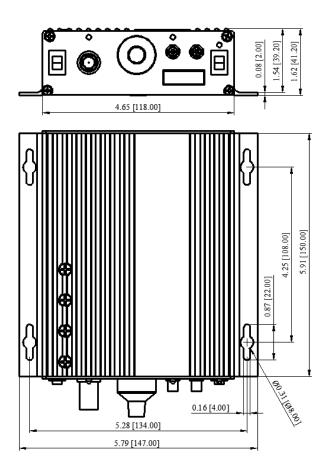
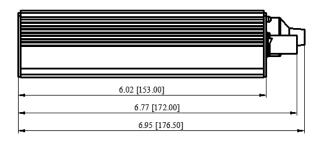


Figure 10.



DIMENSIONS





| | End View | Side View |
|--|----------|-----------------|
| | Top View | Unit: inch [mm] |

Figure 11. Dimensions of AHVA250V2X100MA

ORDERING INFORMATION

Table 3. Part Number

| Part Number | Description |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| AHVA250V2X100MA | 250V high voltage amplifier |

High Voltage Amplifier/Piezo Driver



AHVA250V2X100MA

NOTICE

- 1. It is important to carefully read and follow the warnings, cautions, and product-specific notes provided with electronic components. These instructions are designed to ensure the safe and proper use of the component and to prevent damage to the component or surrounding equipment. Failure to follow these instructions could result in malfunction or failure of the component, damage to surrounding equipment, or even injury or harm to individuals. Always take the necessary precautions and seek professional assistance if unsure about proper use or handling of electronic components.
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