

Figure 1.1. Top View of ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW



Figure 1.2. Side View



Figure 1.3. Bottom View



Figure 1.4. Side View



Figure 1.5. Side View



FEATURES

- Input Power Voltage: 24V ± 1V
- Input Current Range: 300mA to 2A
- Output Voltage: 0 to 23kV@CTRL = 0 to 5V
- Constant Output Current: 1.4mA
- Reference Voltage: 5V ± 0.05V
- Input Control Voltage: 0 to 5V
- Electronic Shutdown Control Available
- Zero EMIs and Good Heat Sinking by Metal Enclosure

APPLICATIONS

This power module, ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW, is designed for achieving DC-DC conversion from low

voltage to high voltage as a power supply source. It can be used for:

- Charge Capacitors
- X-ray Machine
- Spectral Analysis
- Nondestructive Inspection
- Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment
- Particle Accelerator
- Capillary Electrophoresis
- Particles Injection
- Physical Vapor Phase Deposition
- Electrospinning Preparation of Nanofiber
- DC Reactive Magnetron Sputtering

DESCRIPTION

Figure 2 shows the connecting wires of ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW, of which their detail information given in Table 1. The output voltage can be set to a constant value by connecting the CTRL port to the central tap of a POT (Potentiometer) corresponding to 0V to 23kV proportionally at the output VOUT port as shown in Figure 3.



Figure 2. The Connecting Lead Wires of ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW

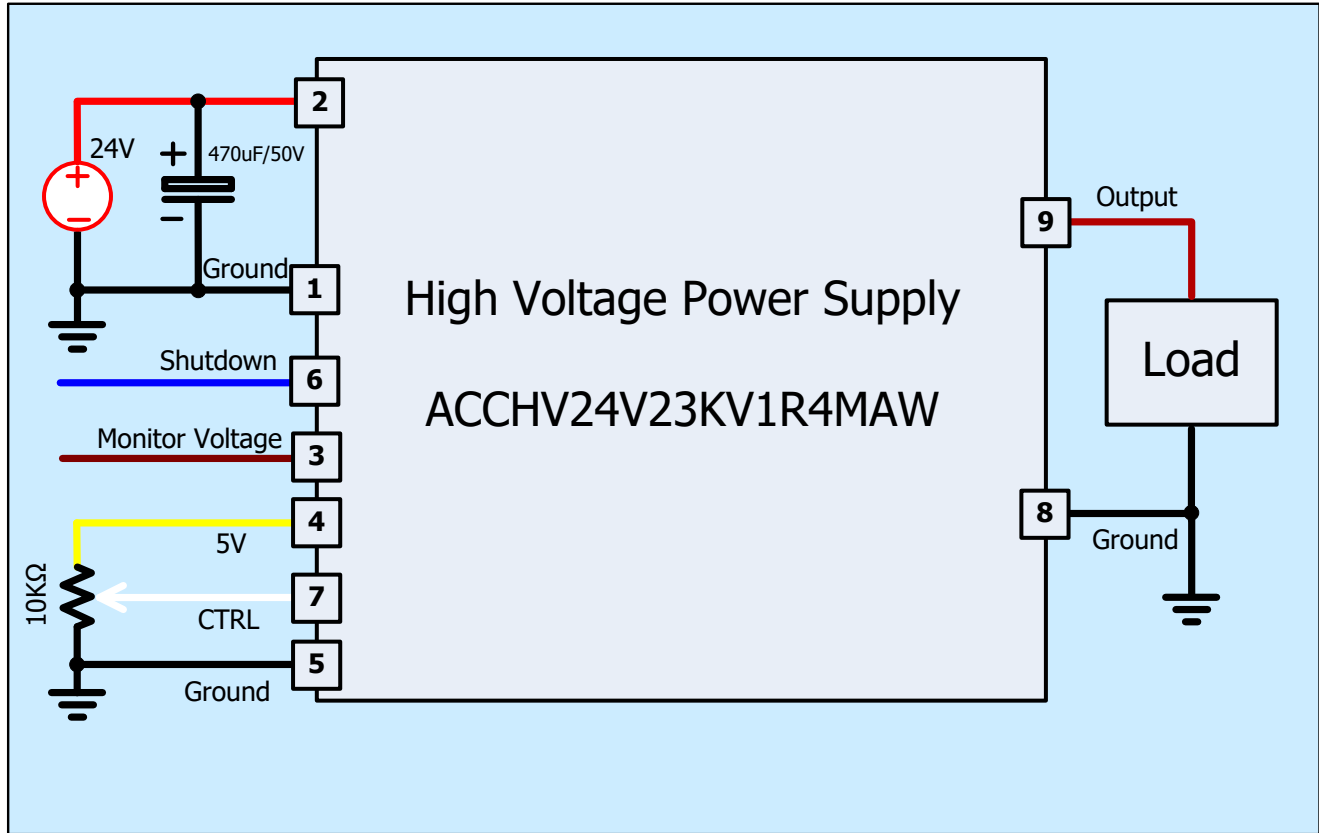


Figure 3. Setting Output to be a Constant Voltage

Table 1. Pin Names, Colors, Functions and Specifications.

No.	Name	Color		Type	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.
1	GND	Black	●	Ground for analog, digital and power signals.	Input GND		0V	
2	VPS	Red	●	Power input	Input voltage		24V	
3	VMON	Brown	●	Analog output	Monitor Voltage	0V		2.3V
4	5VR	Yellow	●	Analog output	Reference voltage		5V	
5	GND	Black	●	Ground for analog, digital and power signals.	Control GND Monitor GND		0V	
6	SDN	Blue	●	Digital input	Shutdown logic low	0V		0.8V
					Shutdown logic high	1.2V		5V
7	CTRL	White	○	Analog input	Regulation	0V		5V
8	GND	Black	●	Power output	Output GND		0V	
9	VOUT	Brown	●	Power output	Output high voltage	0V		23kV



Please note that the modulation signal must have a low frequency  $\leq 10\text{Hz}$  and the value range must be  $0\text{V} \leq V_{\text{CTRL}} \leq 5\text{V}$ . The equivalent input circuit for the VMON port is shown in Figure 4.

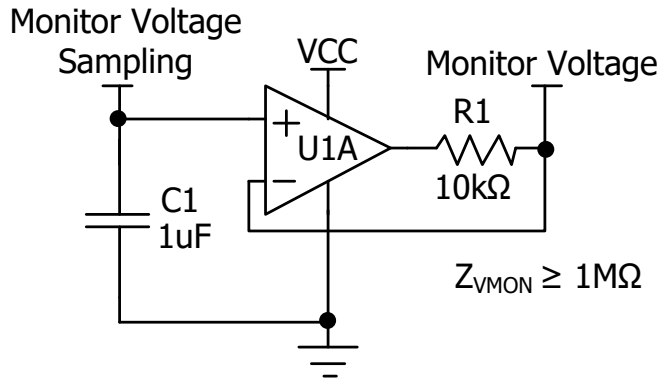


Figure 4. The Equivalent Circuit for MON Port  
The equivalent input circuit for the CTRL is shown in Figure 5.

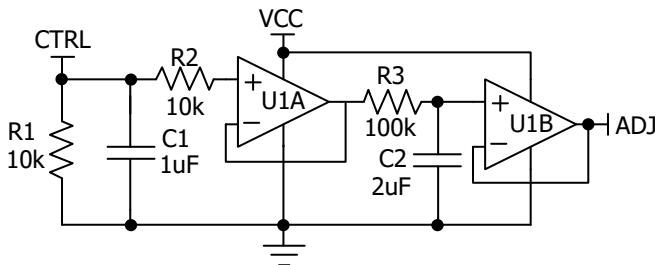


Figure 5. The Equivalent Circuit for CTRL Port

To shutdown ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW, pull down SDN pin to  $<0.8\text{V}$ ; to turn it on, leave SDN pin unconnected or pull it  $>1.2\text{V}$ . The maximum voltage allowed on the SDN pin is  $5\text{V}$ . The equivalent circuit for SDN port is shown in Figure 6.

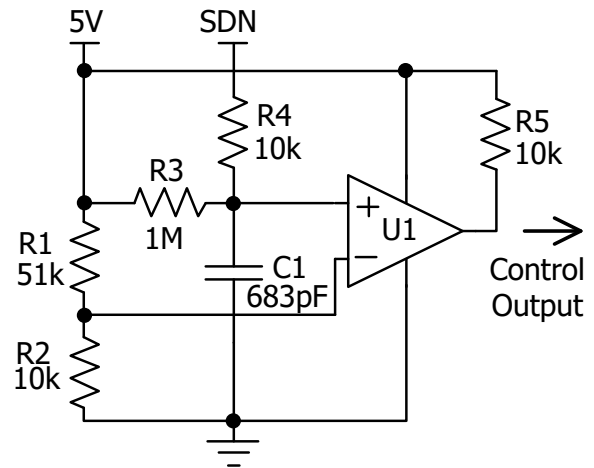


Figure 6. The Equivalent Circuit for SDN Port

### USING ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW

This high voltage power supply must be mounted tightly onto a metal plate, ideally, thus expanding its heating sinking capacity of the metal enclosure. Sufficient ventilation must be provided to keep the power supply surface temperature under  $55^\circ\text{C}$ .

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Although ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW high voltage power supply comes with an over current protection circuit, a short circuit at the output should always be avoided. Make sure the high voltage wire for connecting VOUT node has sufficient insulation capability with its surrounding objects.



SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2. Characteristics. T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit/Note	
Input Power Voltage	V <sub>VPS</sub>		23	24	25	V	
Input Power Quiescent Current	I <sub>VPS_QC</sub>	I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 0mA		300		mA	
Input Power Current at Full Load	I <sub>VPS_FL</sub>	I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 1.4mA		2.0		A	
Input Power Current at Shutdown	I <sub>VPS_SHDN</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C ~ 55°C		16		mA	
Modulation Voltage Range Frequency on CTRL	f <sub>CTRL</sub>		0		12	Hz	
Shutdown Port Current	I <sub>SDNL</sub>	V <sub>SDNL</sub> < 0.8V	4		4.8	μA	
	I <sub>SDNH</sub>	1.2V < V <sub>SDNL</sub> < 5V	0		3.6	μA	
Shutdown Voltage Logic Low	V <sub>SDNL</sub>		0		0.8	V	
Shutdown Voltage Logic High	V <sub>SDNH</sub>		1.2		5	V	
Output Voltage	V <sub>VOUT</sub>	I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 0 ~ 1.4mA	0		23000	V	
Output Current Range	I <sub>VOUTMAX</sub>	V <sub>VPS</sub> = 23V ~ 25V	0		1.4	mA	
Reference Voltage Output Range	V <sub>5VR</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C ~ 55°C I <sub>5VR</sub> ≤ 1mA	4.95	5	5.05	V	
Monitor Voltage Out Impedance	Z <sub>VMON</sub>			1		MΩ	
Monitor Voltage	V <sub>MON</sub>	V <sub>VOUT</sub> = 0 ~ 23kV	0		2.3	V	
Output Load Range			$\frac{V_{VOUT}}{I_{VOUT}}$		∞	MΩ	
Output Voltage Ripple	V <sub>VOUT_RP</sub>	Bandwidth = 1MHz R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 16MΩ	≤11.5			V <sub>P-P</sub>	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	TCV <sub>VOUT</sub>	V <sub>VPS</sub> = 24V V <sub>CTRL</sub> = V <sub>5VR</sub> = 5V V <sub>VOUT</sub> = 23kV I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 1.4mA T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C ~ 55°C		≤0.1		%/°C	
Output Voltage Range v.s. Temperature	V <sub>VOUT(T)</sub>	V <sub>VPS</sub> = 24V V <sub>CTRL</sub> = V <sub>5VR</sub> = 5V V <sub>VOUT</sub> = 23kV I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 1.4mA T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C ~ 55°C	0.99V <sub>VOUT</sub>	V <sub>VOUT</sub>	1.01V <sub>VOUT</sub>	V	
Output Voltage Drift	Short Term Drift	$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT} }{V_{VOUT}}$ Δt (min)	V <sub>VPS</sub> = 24V V <sub>CTRL</sub> = V <sub>5VR</sub> = 5V V <sub>VOUT</sub> = 23kV I <sub>VOUT</sub> = 1.4mA T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C ~ 55°C			≤0.5	%/min
	Long Term Drift	$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT} }{V_{VOUT}}$ Δt (h)				≤1	%/h



Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit/Note
Output Voltage Rise Time	$t_r$	$V_{VOUT}(t_1) = 2.3kV$ $V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 20.7kV$ No-Load		50		ms
Output Voltage Fall Time	$t_f$	$V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 20.7kV$ $V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 2.3kV$ No-Load		100		ms
Mean Time Between Failure	MTBF			1M		h
Instantaneous Short Circuit Current at the Output	$I_{VOUT\_SC}$			≤100		mA
Load Regulation	$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT} }{V_{VOUT}}$ $\Delta I_{VOUT}$	$V_{VOUT} = 23kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1.4mA$		≤0.05		%/mA
Full Load Efficiency	$\eta$	$V_{VPS} = 24V$ $V_{VOUT} = 23kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1.4mA$		≥70		%
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{opr}$		-10		55	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{stg}$		-20		85	°C
External Dimensions			140×100×55			mm
			5.51×3.94×2.17			inch
Weight				1200		g
				2.65		lbs
				42.3		Oz



### TESTING DATA

Test conditions:  $V_{VPS} = 24V$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_{LOAD} = 16M\Omega$

#### DC Testing

The measured output voltage,  $V_{VOUT}$ , corresponding to the control port input voltage,  $V_{CTRL}$ , is shown in Figure 7.

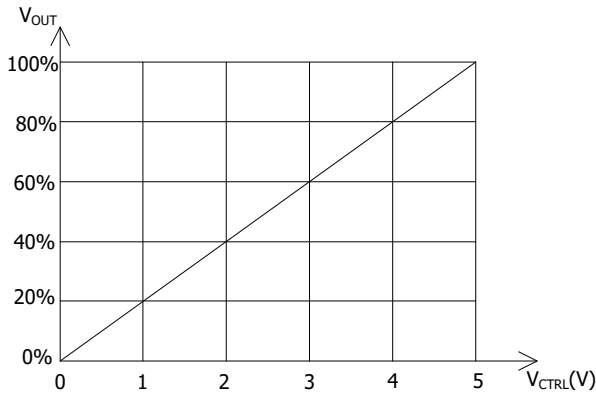


Figure 7.  $V_{CTRL}$  vs.  $V_{VOUT}$

#### Charging Testing

It takes 6 seconds to charge a  $1\mu F$  capacitor by using 6kV voltage and 1mA constant current. We can also customize high voltage power supply based on users' requirements.

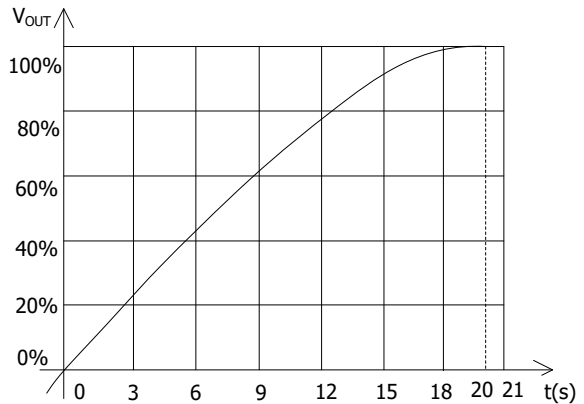


Figure 8. Charging Curve

#### AC Testing

To test the analog modulation function, a triangle and sine-wave voltage signals are applied to the CTRL port as the input source signal respectively. Figure 9 and 10 show both the input signal and the output signal waveforms when using the triangle and sine-wave signals at the CTRL port respectively.

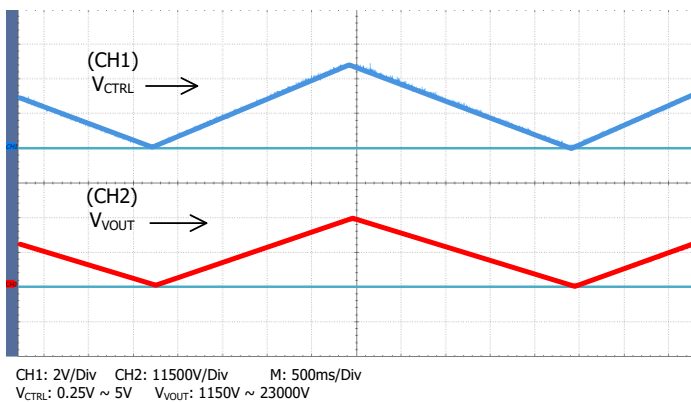


Figure 9. Triangle Wave Modulation

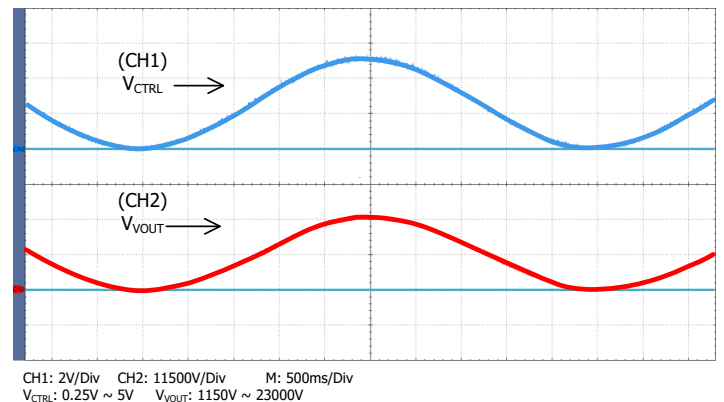


Figure 10. Input vs. Sine Wave Modulation



To test the rise and fall times at the output, a step function signal is applied to the CTRL port. The testing results are shown in Figure 11, Figure 12, and Figure 13. As shown in Figure 12 and Figure 13, a square wave of 0.25V ~ 5V, f = 0.10Hz, is applied to CTRL port, the output waveform fall time is measured to be about 100ms and the rise time is about 50ms. These two values are not the same, that is because on the rising trail, the power supply injects a current to the load; while on the falling trail, the best the power supply can do is to stop its output current and let the load resistor drain the output filtering capacitor to a lower voltage, and the draining current is much smaller than the injection current.

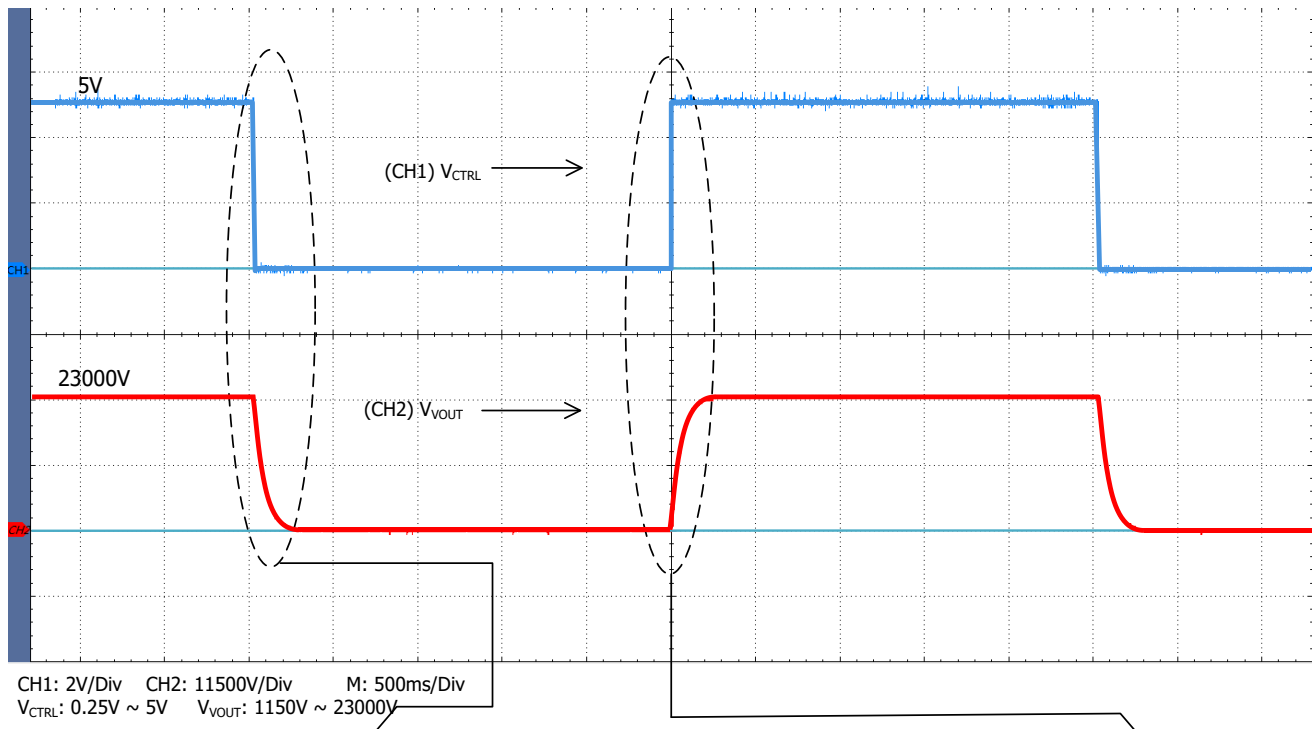


Figure 11. Input vs. Output Waveforms for Square Wave Control

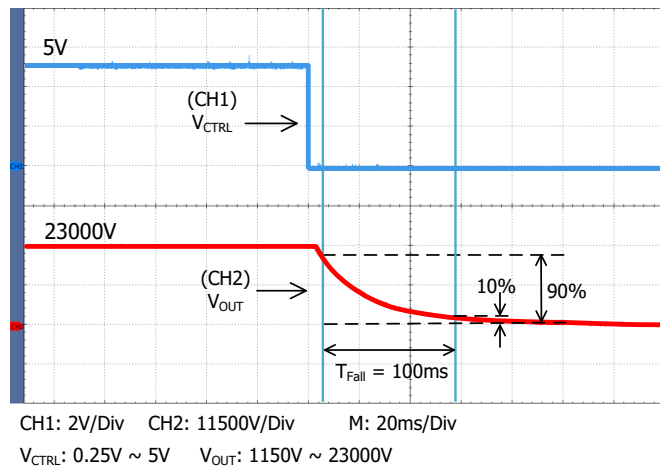


Figure 12. Falling Trail for Large Signal Response

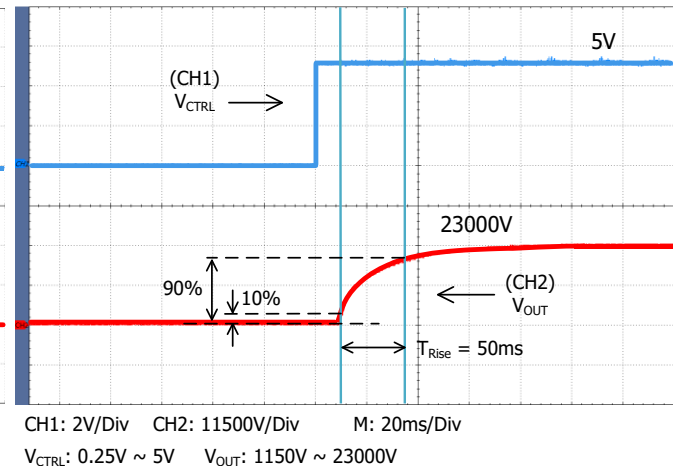


Figure 13. Rising Trail for Large Signal Response





### NAMING PRINCIPLE

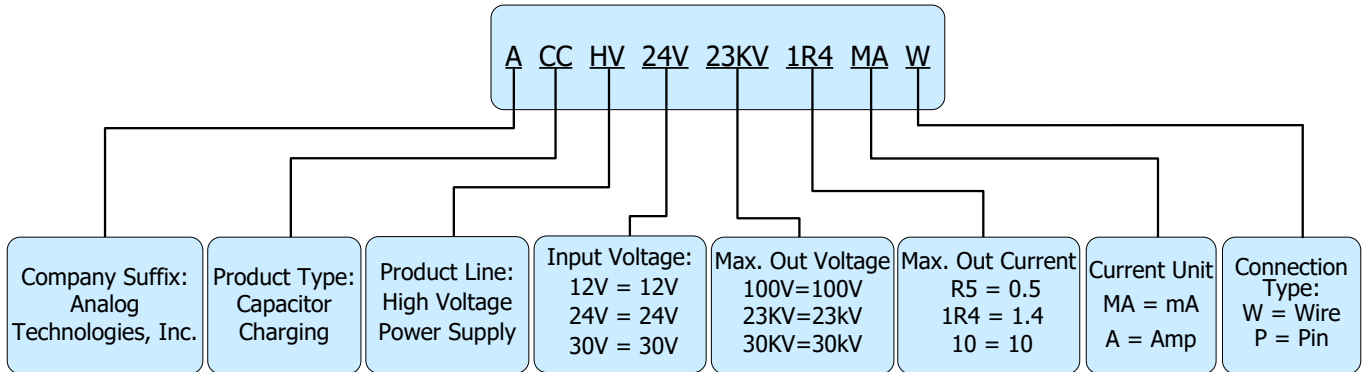


Figure 14. Naming Principle of ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW

### DIMENSIONS

#### Connecting Lead Wire Sizes and Lengths

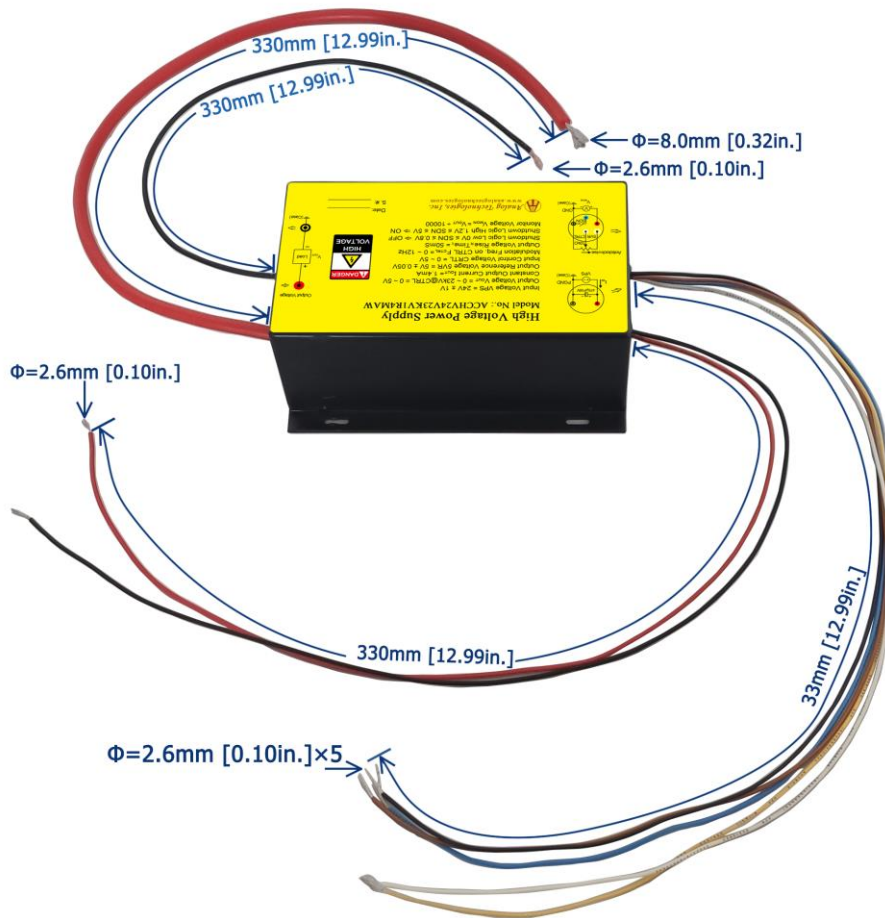


Figure 15. Connecting Lead Wires of ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW



Lead Wires	Diameter		Length	
	mm	inch	mm	inch
Thick brown lead wire	8.0	0.32	330 ± 1	12.99 ± 0.039
Black lead wire	2.6	0.10	330 ± 1	12.99 ± 0.039
Yellow, red, blue, black and white lead wires	2.6	0.10	330 ± 1	12.99 ± 0.039

Outline Dimensions

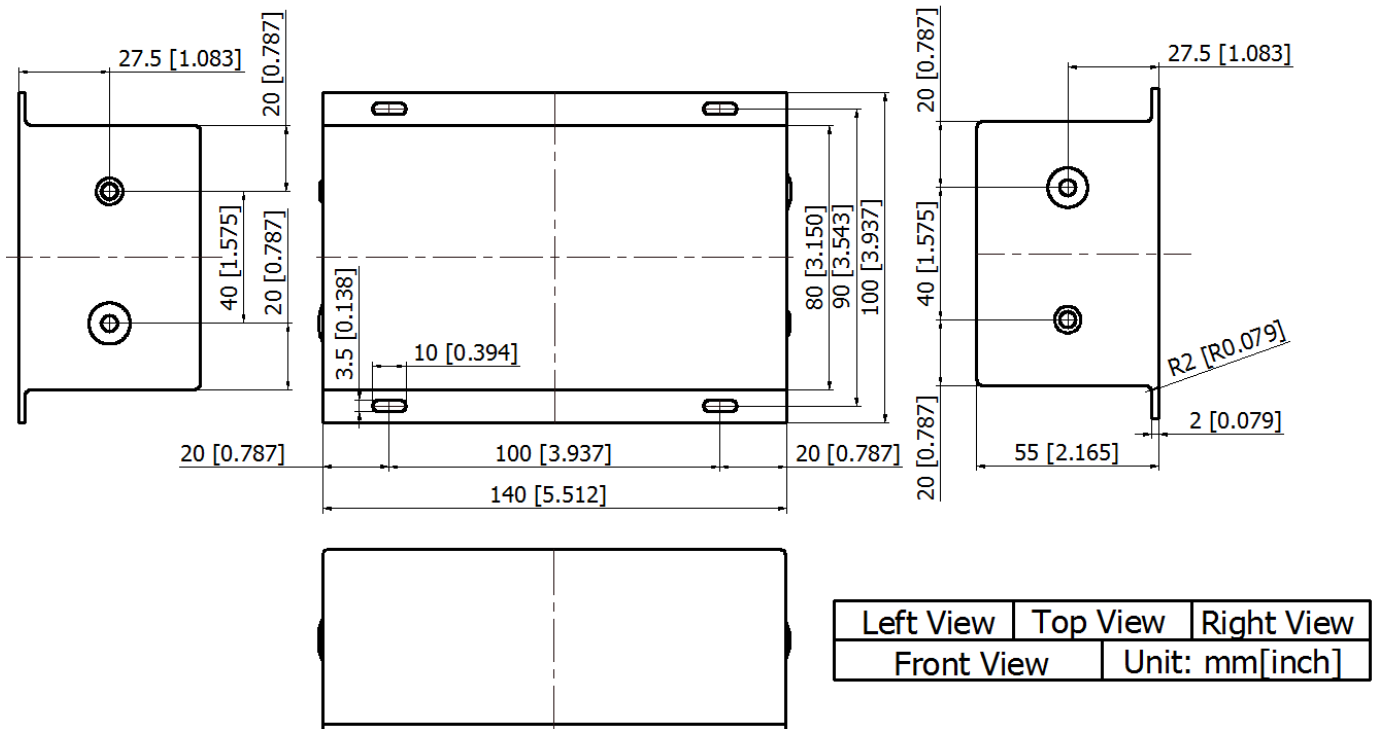


Figure 16. Outline Dimensions

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Buy Now
ACCHV24V23KV1R4MAW	* *

\*: both and are our online store icons. Our products can be ordered from either one of them with the same pricing and delivery time.



RELATED PRODUCTS

Input Voltage: 24V, Input Control Voltage: 0 to 5V, Efficiency: 70%.

Table with 6 columns: Part #, Datasheet, Output Voltage (V), Output Current (mA), Description, Buy Now\*. Rows list various ACCHV24V and ACCHV24N models with their respective output voltages and currents.

\*: both [shopping cart icon] and [shopping cart icon] are our online store icons. Our products can be ordered from either one of them with the same pricing and delivery time.



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