ATE1-18 TEC Modules

FEATURES

- Maximum Input Voltage: 2.3 V
- Wide Operating Temperature Range: −60°C~200°C
- Low Cost
- Long Life Time
- 100 % Lead (Pb)-free and RoHS Compliant

APPLICATIONS

Regulate the temperature of the target object with high changing speed and stabilize the temperature to a wide range with high precision. Widely used in solid state lasers, optical components, CCD’s, IR cameras, bio-tech testing benches, etc.

DESCRIPTIONS

This TEC (Thermoelectric Cooler) modules, ATE1-18, has 18 pairs of Peltier elements inside with a maximum voltage of 2.3 Volt, as shown in Table 1 below. They are designed for regulating the temperature of the target objects precisely and can be controlled by our TEC controllers to build highly stable and efficient temperature regulating systems. The ATE1-18 TECs can be used with our thermistors as well to achieve precise and stable temperature sensing.

The ATE1-18 TECs come in with metalized surfaces on the both sides. The TECs can withstand strong orthogonal forces applied to the surface, but very vulnerable to tangent forces, especially shocking tangent forces. A small shocking tangent force can cause the Peltier elements crack inside. The crack may not cause operation problem initially, but it will grow with time, causing the TEC resistance to increase slowly, by the end, the TEC will stop operating.

In the part number, “2A” indicate the maximum current allowed for entering the TEC module, “S” represents sealed version and “H” stands for high operating temperature, up to 200°C. They can achieve a maximum temperature difference, $D_{\text{MAX}}$, of 71.5°C.

There are two different operating temperature ranges to choose. One is −55°C~85°C for the TECs, whose part number is without an “H” and the other is −55°C~200°C for the TECs, whose part number is ended with an “H”.

The ATE1-18 TECs come with 2 insulated lead wires. The positive wire is in red color, and the negative wire is of black. The mechanical dimensions are shown in Figure 6 and Table 1.

The TECs have the edge area be sealed, to prevent moisture from getting into the Peltier elements and to extend the life time of the TECs. However, the ATE1-18 series only come in non-sealed version. If seal type finish is needed, let us know, and we can customize for you.

The advantage of the non-sealed TECs is that the efficiency is higher and can achieve higher maximum temperature difference between the two TEC plates. Figure 1.1 and 1.2 show the actual non-sealed TECs.

For applications in moisture environments, sealed version is recommended, in order to achieve long life time and high reliability for the system.

For high end applications where good and reliable thermal contacts are needed between the TEC and the target object surfaces, the metalized surface is recommended so that the two surfaces can be soldered together.
TEC Modules

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**Table 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part #</th>
<th>I&lt;sub&gt;MAX&lt;/sub&gt; (A)</th>
<th>V&lt;sub&gt;MAX&lt;/sub&gt; (V)</th>
<th>Q&lt;sub&gt;MAX&lt;/sub&gt; (W)</th>
<th>DT&lt;sub&gt;MAX&lt;/sub&gt; (°C)</th>
<th>Dimension (mm)</th>
<th>1–4 PCs</th>
<th>5–24 PCs</th>
<th>25–99 PCs</th>
<th>≥100 PCs</th>
<th>Note</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATE1-18-R4A</td>
<td>0.44</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>71.5</td>
<td>L&lt;sub&gt;c&lt;/sub&gt; 4, L&lt;sub&gt;h&lt;/sub&gt; 6, W 7.6, H 6</td>
<td>$36.09</td>
<td>$35.45</td>
<td>$34.87</td>
<td>$34.22</td>
<td>Non-sealed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE1-18-1R5A</td>
<td>1.53</td>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>L&lt;sub&gt;c&lt;/sub&gt; 6, L&lt;sub&gt;h&lt;/sub&gt; 6, W 7.6, H 2</td>
<td>$37.75</td>
<td>$37.19</td>
<td>$36.56</td>
<td>$35.97</td>
<td>Non-sealed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* DT<sub>MAX</sub>: DT stands for Differential Temperature between TEC’s 2 plates

**APPLICATION INFORMATION**

As shown in Table 1, the DT<sub>MAX</sub>, the maximum temperature difference between the 2 TEC plates, is 67°C to 71.5°C. This is the normal value for a single stage TEC module. When needing a higher DT<sub>MAX</sub>, 2 or 3 stage TECs must be utilized. Contact us for details.

TEC modules can be used for stabilizing laser chip temperature, to stabilize the wavelength and the working lasing mode, resulting in less or no mode hopping and stable output power.

Inversely, when applying a temperature difference between the TEC 2 plates, electricity can be generated. Thus, the TECs can be called TEGs (thermoelectric Generators).

When designing a thermal system by using TECs, one should choose the TEC module in the following way:

1. To achieve the maximum efficiency, it is essential to minimize the thermal resistance between the TEC plate surface and heat sink surface and between the TEC plate and the target object surface. The best way to minimize the thermal resistance is to mount the TEC modules' plates to the heat-sink and to the thermal load by soldering them together.

2. To achieve high COP, Coefficient of Performance, which is defined as:

   \[ \text{COP} = \frac{\text{thermal power}}{\text{electric power}} \]

   the ratio between the TEC’s output thermal power and the input electric power. Apparently, a high COP leads to low power system consumption, thus, high efficiency. The key to achieve high COP is to design the system with a low maximum temperature difference between the 2 TEC plates (the hot side and the cold side), DT. When the operating DT can be kept to be ≤30°C, the COP can be as high as 2, a very good result.

3. When the required maximum temperature difference is low, such as < 30°C, a large TEC module can be used to drive small thermal load, resulting in a low DT, thus high COP and efficiency.

4. It is not hard to design in a TEC system, but does require some understanding of heat transfer and a good grasp of your applications.

5. Use the charts provided in Figure 2 to Figure 5, to decide which TEC to use, what is the heat needed to be dumped through the heat sink, what is the heat sink temperature, etc.
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$DT_\text{MAX}=67^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 2. Temperature Difference vs. $Q_\text{MAX}$

Figure 3. Temperature Difference vs. $I_\text{MAX}$

Figure 4. $V_\text{MAX}$ vs. Temperature Difference

Figure 5. C.O.P vs. Temperature Difference
MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

The mechanical dimensions of the ATE1-18 are shown below.

![Mechanical Dimensions Diagram]

Figure 6. Mechanical Dimensions of Non-sealed ATE1-18

The ATE1-18 series come in square shape, small size, and light weight. The Lc, Lh, W and H of the ATE1-18 are shown in the table 1.

Note: As Figure 6 shows, when the red lead wire is on the right, then the top surface is the cold side of the TEC.

CAUTIONS

1. Never apply electricity to TEC modules without having heat sinks attached properly.
2. Always keep the current less than I_{MAX}, to avoid thermal run-away disaster.

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